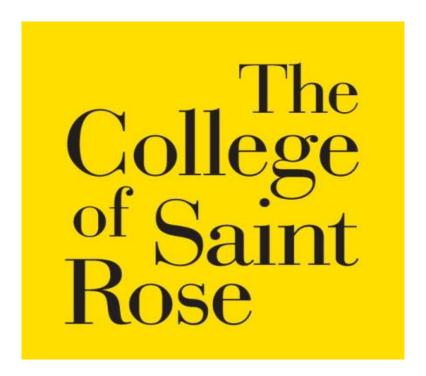
Annual Public Safety Report: 2016



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# Purpose of the Annual Security Report

This Annual Security Report ("Report") is intended to inform all current and prospective students and employees (faculty, staff, and administrators) about safety and security at The College of Saint Rose ("Saint Rose"). This Report is in accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, as amended ("Clery Act").

Saint Rose is concerned about the safety and welfare of all campus members and guests and commits itself to promoting a safe and secure environment. Because no campus can totally isolate itself from crime, Saint Rose has developed a series of policies and procedures designed to ensure that every possible precaution is taken to protect the campus community. Saint Rose has one of the best safety records of colleges of its size in New York State and, together, we can maintain a safe and secure campus environment.

# What is the Clery Act?

The Clery Act is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to disclose information about crime on and around their campuses. The Clery Act is named in memory of Jeanne Clery, a 19-year-old Lehigh University freshman who was assaulted and murdered in her residence hall room on April 5, 1986.

# To Review Crime Statistics for All Colleges and Universities:

In accordance with the Clery Act, the College provides its campus crime statistics to the U.S. Department of Education. Statistics for the College and other institutions are available at: <a href="http://ope.ed.gov/security.">http://ope.ed.gov/security.</a>

# Saint Rose's Report Preparation:

The Report is prepared by representatives from the Office of the President, the Office of Safety and Security, and Student Affairs at the College. The crime statistics are compiled from reports and reviewed by the Office of Safety and Security, Campus Security Authorities, Albany Police Department, and the State University at Albany Police Department.

# To Obtain a Printed Copy of the Report:

Saint Rose's Report may be accessed and printed online at: <a href="www.strose.edu/securityreport">www.strose.edu/securityreport</a>. In addition, a printed copy of the Report is available as follows:

- Request a copy in person at the Office of Safety and Security during regular business hours at 340 Western Avenue;
- Call Steve Stella, Director of Safety and Security at 518-454-5139; or
- Send a written request by mail to:
   The College of Saint Rose
   Office of Safety and Security
   340 Western Avenue
   Albany, NY 12203

# **Procedures for Reporting Criminal Actions and Other Emergencies**

# On Campus Reporting:

All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report a crime to Security and/or the appropriate police agency. Security is committed to working with the Saint Rose community to resolve all criminal matters in a timely fashion. Prompt reporting will help Saint Rose appropriately warn and protect the campus community.

### Security:

Security is charged with ensuring the safety and security of the entire Saint Rose community. Everyone is encouraged to report all crimes, emergencies, accidents/injuries and unusual occurrences to Security immediately as follows:

- Go directly to a Security Post in either the Lobby of Lima or Brubacher Halls or at the Security Headquarters located at 340 Western Avenue (Corner of Western Avenue and Partridge Street).
- Dial **518-454-5187** from your mobile phone.
- Dial **911** or extension **5187** from any campus extension.
- Push the "security" button from any campus extension.
- Operate one of the many emergency blue light call boxes strategically located throughout the campus.

Security Officers will meet you anywhere on campus to investigate and inquire about any crime or concern on campus. Crimes reported to Security will be recorded and may be referred to the appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.

# **Campus Security Authorities:**

In addition, individuals may report crimes to a Campus Security Authority (CSA). At Saint Rose, designated administrators and faculty who have significant responsibilities for student and campus activities are CSAs. If a crime is reported to a CSA, that individual is obligated to provide information about the crime to Security and others at Saint Rose as necessary. If the crime is reportable under the Clery Act, it will be included in this Report.

With the exception of professional counselors, campus health care providers, and clergy, all other CSAs are instructed to report crimes they become aware of to the Department of Safety and Security or the Albany Police. Other members of the Saint Rose community are encouraged to report information about crimes on campus to Security.

Although this list does not include every CSA, you may contact any of the following Saint Rose employees to obtain immediate assistance if you are the victim or otherwise aware of a crime on campus. These CSAs are generally available Monday through Friday during regular business hours. Victims are encouraged to call Campus Security at 518-454-5187 (or 911 from any campus phone) at all other times.

Name	Title	<b>Telephone Number</b>	Address
Steve Stella	Director of Safety and Security	518-454-5187	Safety & Security Room 104 340 Western Avenue
Catherine Haker	Director of Athletics & Recreation	518-454-5158	Events and Athletic Center, Room 231 420 Western Avenue
Craig Tynan	Registrar	518-454-5464	St. Joseph's Hall Room 416
Dennis McDonald	Vice President for Student Affairs, Title IX Coordinator	518-454-5170	Events and Athletic Center, Room 210, 420 Western Avenue
Jeffrey Knapp	Associate Vice President for Human Resources	518-454-5138	Cabrini Hall, Room 205 399 Western Avenue
Jennifer Richardson	Director of Residence Life	518-454-5295	Room 5 204 Partridge Street
Justin Ramson	PSC Program Coordinator	518-454-5158	Plumeri Sports Complex
Leroy Bynum	Dean, School of Arts & Humanities	518-454-5157	Arts & Humanities Room 103 1006 Madison Avenue
Margaret McLane	Dean, Thelma P. Lally School of Education	518-454-5208	Thelma P. Lally School of Education Room 139 1006 Madison Avenue
Richard Thompson	Dean, School of Mathematics and Sciences	518-458-5266	Science Center Room 255 993 Madison Avenue
Rita McLaughlin	Assistant Vice President for Student Affairs	518-454-5170	Events and Athletic Center, Room 210, 420 Western Avenue
Sandra Frese	Director of Health Services	518-454-2044	190 Partridge Street
Shai Butler	Associate Vice President for Student Success & Chief Diversity Officer	518-454-5299	The Center for Student Success 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor St. Joseph's Hall
Suzanne Wilhelm	Dean, Huether School of Business	518-454-5272	Huether School of Business Room 210 994 Madison Avenue

Other CSAs include advisors to student groups and organizations, resident assistants, and all athletic coaches.

# Anonymous Reporting:

Anyone can report a crime anonymously by calling the College's Anonymous Hotline at 518-454-5275.

# Off Campus Reporting:

To report a crime off campus, you may dial **911** from a mobile phone or **9911** from a Saint Rose phone. You may also contact the following police departments:

Albany Police Department and Fire Department Dispatch Western Ave., Albany, NY 12203 518-438-4000

NYS Police 24 hour hotline 1-844-845-7269

University at Albany Police Department 1400 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 518-442-3130

# **Confidential Reporting:**

Reporting to certain offices is kept confidential in accordance with established professional and legal guidelines and pastoral and professional counselors do not file incident reports. However, Saint Rose encourages its pastoral and professional counselors to inform the person being counseled of any procedures to report crimes for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. Confidential reports may be made to the following individuals and offices:

On Campus Health Provider	Sandra Frese Health Services 190 Partridge St., Albany, NY 12203 (518) 454-2044 http://www.strose.edu/officesandresources/academic_and student_support_services/health_services
On Campus Mental Health Provider	Dr. Jay Hamer Counseling Center Madison Hall, 947 Madison Ave., Albany, NY 12203 (518) 454-5200 <a href="http://www.strose.edu/officesandresources/academic and_student_support_services/counseling_services">http://www.strose.edu/officesandresources/academic and_student_support_services/counseling_services</a>
On Campus Pastoral Counselor	Joan Horgan Hubbard Interfaith Sanctuary (518) 454-5250 <a href="http://www.strose.edu/officesandresources/spiritual_life">http://www.strose.edu/officesandresources/spiritual_life</a>

	Albany County Crime Victims and Sexual Violence
	Center
Off Campus Mental	112 State St., Albany, NY 12207
Health Care Provider	24 Hour Sexual Assault Hotline – (518) 447-7716
	www.albanycounty.com/cvsvc/

# If you are the victim of a crime:

- Report the incident to Security and/or the police if you feel comfortable doing so.
- File a complaint following the campus judicial process if the alleged perpetrator is a member of the Saint Rose community. An investigation for appropriate disciplinary action under the Saint Rose's policies for the incident will be pursued.
- Tell your story soon to avoid forgetting details. Alternatively, write out the details or use a tape recorder.
- Seek counseling. Professional counseling is available, free of charge, through the Counseling Center. Counseling can be beneficial as you work through your reaction to being the victim of a crime.

### Saint Rose Security Advisory Committee:

The Security Advisory Committee is comprised of administrators, faculty, staff and student representatives who regularly examine policy and procedures and make recommendations to the President of the College in effort to maintain the safest campus environment possible. The Committee reviews the following current campus security policies and procedures and makes recommendations for improvement:

- Educating the campus community, including security personnel and employees who advise or supervise students, about sexual assault in accordance with New York State law;
- Educating the campus community about personal safety and crime prevention;
- Reporting sexual assaults and dealing with victims during investigations;
- Referring complaints to appropriate authorities;
- Counseling victims, and
- Responding to inquiries from concerned persons.

# **Saint Rose Security Policies**

# Office of Safety and Security Information:

Security works closely with all departments, units, and offices at Saint Rose to ensure that safety policy and procedures are uniformly executed and conveyed in a clear and consistent manner to all current and prospective students and employees.

The Security Office is located at **340 Western Avenue** and staffed **24 hours a day, 365 days a year**. Uniformed Security Officers provide around- the-clock patrol, select fixed post access control, and other services to the Saint Rose campus community.

# **Enforcement Authority:**

- The Office of Safety and Security includes the following positions:
  - Security Director
  - Security Lieutenant
  - Security Sergeant
  - Security Corporal
  - Security Officer
  - o Security Driver
- All individuals who hold the positions of Security Officer or higher are licensed in
  the State of New York as unarmed private security officers and are trained in basic
  first aid and CPR. Select Security Officers receive additional Campus Public
  Safety Officer Training through the Zone Five Regional Law Enforcement Training
  Academy. Security Corporals, Sergeants, Lieutenants and the Director have been
  sworn in as Campus Public Safety Officers under New York State Education Law.
- Saint Rose values well-trained and informed Security staff. Security Officers attend various training seminars and informative conferences throughout the year.
- Security Officers are responsible for a full range of safety services at Saint Rose, including, but not limited to, responding to reports of crimes, medical emergencies, fire emergencies, traffic accidents, and enforcement of all Saint Rose policies including those relating to alcohol use, drug use, and weapons possession. Security Officers submit incident reports on all crimes and incidents of note on campus reported to the Office by victims, witnesses, and others including Campus Security Authorities.
- Security Officers have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine
  whether individuals have lawful business at Saint Rose. Security Officers have the
  authority to issue parking tickets to students and employees.
- Security Corporals, Sergeants, Lieutenants and the Director have authority to make warrantless arrests when they have reasonable cause under the aegis of the Albany Police Department.

# Relationship with Local Police:

- Criminal incidents are referred to the Albany Police Department or The State University of New York at Albany Police, both of whom have jurisdiction on Saint Rose's campus through Memoranda of Understanding. Security at Saint Rose maintains a highly professional working relationship with both of these law enforcement agencies.
- Off campus incidents involving Saint Rose students are shared with Saint Rose Security and these agencies when this status is relevant and known. Saint Rose maintains the right to pursue judicial sanctions against students violating student conduct policies off campus.

# **Security Awareness:**

- Saint Rose Security encourages members of the Campus community to take personal responsibility for their own safety by offering services designed to increase Security awareness and proactive attitudes.
- Campus Security makes students and employees aware of the availability of its services through articles and announcements in the student newspaper, sending out emails, and by having staffed information tables in the Events and Athletics Center (EAC) periodically throughout the year at events such as orientation.
- Security crime prevention services include:
  - 1. *Escort Service*: Security Officers provide on-campus escorts 24 hours a day, seven days a week to students and employees upon request. Members of the campus community arriving from off-campus may contact Security to arrange for an escort when they arrive at the Saint Rose campus.
  - 2. **Shuttle U Home:** In addition to on demand escort services, Saint Rose Security runs the Shuttle You home service. Through this service, from 6:00 pm to 1:00 am, students and employees may be driven to and from their homes that are within a two mile radius of the Saint Rose campus. On campus, the shuttle picks up students and employees at the back of the Thelma P. Lally School of Education building. Students and employees may call Security to find out when a shuttle will be arriving.
  - 3. *Emergency Blue Light Phone System:* These phones are located on campus walkways and in parking lots. They can be used to contact Saint Rose Security in an emergency situation or to request a security escort.

# **Crime Prevention Programming:**

• The goals of Saint Rose's crime prevention programming are to minimize criminal opportunities whenever possible and encourage individuals to take their own security

and the security of others into consideration. Numerous presentations are made throughout the year to various campus constituencies including resident and commuter students, Resident Assistants, and employees. In addition, any office, department or unit may request additional training through the Security Director.

- Campus safety, crime prevention and fire prevention programs for students are held on campus at the beginning of each fall semester. These programs are available to all students. The programs are then held again in the spring semester. Mandatory fire drills are conducted in each residence hall at least once each semester.
- Campus safety and crime prevention programs for commuter students are held in the main Commuter Lounge each semester during daytime and evening class hours, so the training reaches both full- and part-time undergraduate and graduate students.
- Residence Life staff members undergo thorough safety and security awareness, crime prevention and fire prevention training provided by Security at least once each academic year. In addition, the Albany Police Department and the Albany Fire Department provide Saint Rose's Resident Assistants with supplemental programming in these areas.
- All new employees are required to attend a mandatory workshop on Sexual Assault/Harassment and the Clery Act. At least once every two years, current employees are required to participate in an online training which reinforces the new employee training.

# Access to Buildings Policy:

#### I. Introduction

The College of Saint Rose (the "College") is interested in creating and maintaining a safe and secure campus. Accordingly, access to buildings and facilities at the College is controlled and monitored by the Department of Safety and Security ("Security"). The College is a private institution of higher education and, as such, its buildings are not generally open to the public and are available for students, employees, contractors, and invited guests.

This Policy provides information for who has access to College buildings and facilities at various times of the day and days of the week. It also provides information about which buildings have Key Access and which have Card Access (as defined below). Security reserves the right to restrict access to buildings and facilities when there is a safety concern or threat.

### II. Definitions

- A. Academic Buildings Buildings where classes are held. In addition, the Library is an Academic Building.
- B. Campus Buildings All buildings owned or operated and maintained by the College. A map of Campus Buildings is available at <a href="http://map.strose.edu/">http://map.strose.edu/</a>.
- C. Campus Facilities All Campus Buildings, parking lots, and open areas owned or operated and maintained by the College. This term does not include public sidewalks or streets.
- D. Card Access Access to buildings is obtained by scanning an employee or student identification card on the pad outside of the building. The One Card Office provides access with proper permissions utilizing the Card Access Procedures & Request Form. The Office of Human Resources is responsible for collecting identification cards from Employees at the conclusion of their employment with the College.
- E. Employee Any faculty, administrator or staff member, whether full-time, part-time, or temporary.
- F. Key Access Access to buildings is obtained by using a key that is provided to an Employee with proper permissions utilizing the Key Access Procedures & Request Form.
- G. Office Buildings Buildings which are used to provide office space for Employees, but do not have classrooms.
- H. Residence Halls Any dormitory, houses, or apartment on the College's campus and/or operated and maintained by the College.

### III. Access to Campus Buildings:

A. Residence Halls – All Residence Halls are secured 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by Card Access and/or Key Access. Lima Hall and Brubacher Hall have a security guard posted in the front lobby where students will need to swipe their identification cards at the Security Desk.

# B. Academic Buildings –

- 1. Security works with applicable Deans and administrators to determine when these buildings will be opened and unlocked. Before and after those hours, these buildings will only be available to individuals who have Card Access or Key Access. For example, students who are enrolled in evening classes at the Huether School of Business will have card access to that building.
- 2. Other Academic Buildings may be open for extended hours for events such as those held at the Massry Center for the Arts or Hearst Center for Communications and Interactive Media.
- 3. The Neil Hellman Library is open at varying times throughout the year based upon the needs of the students and as decided by the Director of the Library and the Provost. The Library's hours are posted on the website at <a href="http://library.strose.edu">http://library.strose.edu</a>.
- 4. The Picotte Center for Art & Design is a closed building and only available through Card Access.

### C. Office Buildings –

- 1. Generally, Office Buildings are open during regular business hours from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm, or other hours as designated by the department head for that building. After hours, only those with Card Access or Key Access will be able to enter the building.
- 2. Designated Office Buildings are locked 24 hours, 7 days a week at the discretion of the Director of Security and only accessible with Card Access.
- 3. In addition, some Office Buildings and offices within other Office Buildings are equipped with Burglary Alarms and/or Panic Buttons, at the discretion of the Director of Security.

### D. Other buildings –

- 1. The Events and Athletics Center (EAC) The EAC is open from 5:30 am to 8:00 pm each day during the academic year to provide students with access to specific services such as the dining hall and a fitness center. From 8:00 pm to midnight, the EAC is accessible by Card Access. The EAC is closed from midnight to 5:30 am; however, the EAC may be open for extended hours during athletic events or other functions.
- 2. Hubbard Interfaith Sanctuary Hubbard is open from 6 am to 11 pm.
- 3. Plumeri Sports Complex The fields at Plumeri are open at all hours, but should not be visited unless there is a valid educational or business reason to do so, including attending or participating in athletic events. During the academic year, the buildings at Plumeri are available for certain employees via Card Access only,

unless one or more buildings are open for events or other activities. The College does not maintain Plumeri during the summer months when control shifts to the City of Albany Parks Department.

E. Parking Lots – Parking lots are available at the times posted on signs in the lot. Some parking lots are available Monday through Friday while others are open on the weekends as well. Residents may park in assigned lots 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. If an individual, other than a resident student, needs to park in a lot overnight, this information must be shared with Security.

#### IV. Lockout Procedures:

Security will respond to valid, verifiable lockout requests. The individual requesting access to a Campus Building will be required to provide proper identification and authorization before being permitted to access the Campus Building or a specific room in an Office Building.

# Maintenance of Campus Facilities:

The College conducts maintenance of the Saint Rose campus facilities on a regular basis. This includes the following:

- 1. Security conducts comprehensive annual exterior lighting inspections to ensure that pathways and parking lots are well lit. Security monitors campus lighting adequacy during scheduled patrols.
- 2. Security conducts quarterly lock down tests of the entire Card Access system and monthly tests covering specific sections of the College campus.
- 3. The College monitors the condition and usable life of security systems, including cameras, card access and alarms, to ensure that security systems are functional and appropriate to their specific applications.

### Off-Campus Student Organizations:

Saint Rose does not recognize any off campus student organizations.

# **Saint Rose Alcoholic Beverages and Illegal Drug Policies**

# A. General College Policy

The College of Saint Rose prohibits the unlawful possession, use or distribution of alcohol and illicit drugs by students and employees on its property or as part of any of its activities.

### B. Alcohol Policy

Small amounts of alcohol (i.e. no more than a six pack of beer, a liter of wine, or half liter of alcohol, etc.) for personal consumption are allowed in a student's bedroom if the student is at least 21 years of age. The collection, displaying or storing of empty alcohol containers is prohibited.

### Students shall not:

- 1. Possess, consume or distribute alcoholic beverages if a student is below 21 years of age.
- 2. Furnish or sell any alcoholic beverage to any person not 21.
- 3. Be below 21 years of age and in the presence of alcohol.
- 4. Allow guests to bring alcohol into the residence halls.
- 5. Consume any alcoholic beverage(s) if any underage person is present.
- 6. Possess any drinking paraphernalia including, but not limited to, funnels, shot glasses, mugs, steins, wine glasses, margarita glasses, flasks and game tables.
- 7. Possess large quantities of alcohol, including, but not limited to, kegs or beer balls.
- 8. Possess more than one 23.5 oz. single serve caffeine-free container of Progressive Adult Beverages in their room, per of-age, 21 year old student. These beverages include, but are not limited to Phusion Products Four Maxed and Four Loco and Joose Products.
- 9. Possess or consume alcohol in any common area of the residence halls including suite living rooms and kitchens.
- 10. Be incapacitated by the influence of alcohol or another drug or substance.

All unauthorized alcohol containers and paraphernalia will be confiscated and disposed of.

Resident students may be removed from campus housing after their third violation of the alcohol policy or earlier depending upon the severity of the violation.

### Additional requirements:

1. Student and other College groups, including offices cannot serve alcoholic beverages at events at which students will be present without prior approval from the Assistant Vice

President for Student Affairs. Alcohol beverage request forms should be completed a week prior to the event. Alcohol shall not be provided to individuals who are underage, appear to be intoxicated or under the influence of other psychoactive drugs.

- 2. Individuals or groups having events in a facility covered by the NYS liquor license serving Saint Rose may not legally bring alcoholic beverages into those areas; therefore, such beverages must be ordered from Campus Dining.
- 3. Saint Rose community members are responsible for the alcohol-related actions of their guests, including any related damage.
- 4. Neither the advertisement nor emphasis of an event can promote alcoholic beverage(s) as the sole or main purpose of that event. In addition no specials for alcoholic beverages are allowed.
- 5. Whenever an alcoholic beverage is served, a non-alcoholic beverage and food must also be available.
- 6. No member of the College community may possess an open container in common areas, such as the lawn, lounges, hallways, kitchens etc.
- 7. Proofing is to be done at the entrance to the drinking area and only one alcoholic beverage is given to any one person.

### C. Student Sponsored Events

- 1. For student sponsored events a designated area for the serving and consumption of alcohol must be utilized. Only those of age with appropriate proof may enter the area and no one may take beverages out.
- 2. It is the responsibility of the Campus Dining Services staff to proof, enforce and report violations of the College alcohol policy. The sponsoring group is equally responsible to enforce the College alcohol policy and to report violations to the Assistant Vice President for Student Affairs.

### D. Proofing Policy

- 1. Saint Rose identification cards are not valid for proof of age. Governmental proof, such as a driver's license, passport or original birth certificate is required.
- 2. The Saint Rose identification is also necessary to identify you as a member of the College community since we have a NYS club license.

# E. Drug Policy

Possessing, consuming, distributing or selling illicit drugs is prohibited.

# Additional requirements:

- 1. Being present where illegal drugs are being used, had been used, or were suspected of being used is prohibited.
- 2. The odor of marijuana in corridors, lounges, public areas or student rooms in conjunction with the possession of a fan, towel, or any other element used to mask the smell will result in participation in the Student Conduct process.
- 3. Students shall not possess any items that are designed for the use of drugs (bowls, bongs, pipes, etc.). Any items that are fashioned for the purpose of facilitating or disguising drug use will also be considered a violation of this policy.
- 4. All drugs and drug paraphernalia will be confiscated and disposed of by Security.
- 5. Incapacitation by the influence of alcohol or another drug or substance is a violation of College policy.

Violators of the drug policy may be removed from campus housing and/or the College after their second violation or earlier depending on the severity of the incident.

# F. Sanctions for Alcohol/Illicit Drug Violations

Students found in violation of the College's policies on alcohol and illicit drugs are subject to a hearing and possible disciplinary action. Sanctions will be assigned in accordance with the Student Conduct procedures of the College and may vary depending upon the particular circumstances surrounding an infraction, up to and including suspension or expulsion.

# G. New York State Law and Sanctions Governing Alcohol Include:

The use of alcoholic beverages is subject to the New York State Alcoholic Beverage Control Law and certain provisions of the New York Penal Law. It is important to understand these laws clearly, as they pertain to the possession, sale or serving of alcoholic beverages.

- 1. It is illegal for individuals under the age of 21 to possess alcoholic beverages. Underage drinkers are subject to a \$50 fine.
- 2. An underage drinker who uses fraudulent identification is guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of up to \$100 and community service of thirty hours. If the fraudulent identification is a New York State driver's license, the revocation of the license will be added to the above penalty.
- 3. No person may sell, deliver or give any alcoholic beverage to a person under the age of 21 (the law does not apply to the parent of a minor). Individuals violating this law are guilty of a "Class B misdemeanor," and may be subject to a fine not exceeding \$500 and

a term of imprisonment not to exceed three months.

- 4. A person who misrepresents the age of a person under 21 for the purpose of inducing the sale of alcohol to the "underage" person is guilty of an offense and is subject to a fine of not more than \$200 and imprisonment not to exceed five days, or both.
- 5. Any person who shall be injured in person, property, means of support or otherwise by reason of intoxicated person, or by reason of the intoxication of any person who shall, by unlawfully selling to or unlawfully assisting in procuring liquor to such intoxication; and any such person shall have the right to recover actual damages.
- 6. Any person who shall be injured in person, property, means of support or otherwise by reason of intoxication or impairment of any person under the age of 21 years old shall have a right of action against any person who knowingly causes such intoxication or impairment by unlawfully furnishing to or assisting in procuring alcohol for such a person with knowledge or cause to believe that such person was under the age of 21 years.
- 7. Any event or function at which alcoholic beverage(s) are being sold or, an admission fee or donation is charged or requested, requires a license from the state.

### H. New York State Law and Sanctions Governing Illicit Drugs

#### Marijuana

Article 221 of the Penal Law of the State of New York is a special section of the law dealing with offenses involving marijuana. In total, there are 12 subsections which deal with the definition, possession and sale of marijuana. Possession of marijuana in any amount is illegal. Sale of marijuana will, at minimum, be considered a misdemeanor and, at maximum, will be considered a "Class C felony," carrying with it a minimum jail sentence from five to 15 years. Keep in mind that being convicted under these statutes results in a permanent criminal record which may have a serious impact on a person's future educational or professional plans.

### **Controlled Substances**

Section 220 of the Penal Law defines those drugs considered "Controlled Substances," including narcotic drugs, narcotic preparation, hallucinogens (LSD, "hallucinogenic mushrooms," etc.), stimulants, depressants and concentrated forms of cannabis. Individual statutes deal with the criminal possession or sale of these substances and are categorized as misdemeanors or felonies depending on the specific substance, the amount of the substance in question, or the circumstances surrounding the possession or sale of the substance. Possession or sale (or possession with intent to sell) of even a very small amount of some substances is considered a felonious offense and may result in a lengthy jail sentence. In fact, with the exception of "criminal possession of a controlled substance in the seventh degree," which is considered a misdemeanor, all other statutes in Section 220 of the Penal Law are felonies. In New York State, felonies are ranked from category A-1, the most serious, to category E, the least serious. First offenders convicted of a

category A-1 felony are subject to a minimum sentence of from 15-25 years and a maximum of life imprisonment. At the other end of the scale, for the first offender, category E felony convictions carry with them a jail sentence of from one to three years, with a maximum of three to four years. First-degree criminal sale or possession of controlled substances is placed in the same category as first degree arson, first degree kidnapping, or first-or-second degree murder.

# I. Health Risks Associated with Alcohol and Drug Use/Abuse

Alcohol. Alcohol consumption causes a number of changes in behavior and physiology. Even low doses significantly impair judgment, coordination, and abstract mental functioning. Statistics show that alcohol use is involved in a majority of violent behaviors on college campuses, including acquaintance rape, vandalism, fights, and incidents of drinking and driving. Continued abuse may lead to dependency, which often causes permanent damage to vital organs and deterioration of a healthy lifestyle.

<u>Cannabis (Marijuana, Hashish).</u> The use of marijuana may impair or reduce short-term memory and comprehension, alter sense of time, and reduce coordination and energy level. Users often have a lowered immune system and an increased risk of lung cancer. The active ingredient in marijuana, THC, is stored in the fatty tissues of the brain and reproductive system for a minimum of 28 to 30 days.

<u>Hallucinogens.</u> Lysergic acid (LSD), mescaline, and psilocybin cause illusions and hallucinations. The user may experience panic, confusion, suspicion, anxiety, and loss of control. Delayed effects, or flashbacks, can occur even when use has ceased. Phencyclidine (PCP) affects the section of the brain that controls the intellect and keeps instincts in check. Because the drug blocks pain receptors, violent PCP episodes may result in self-inflicted injuries.

<u>Cocaine/Crack.</u> Cocaine users often have a stuffy, runny nose and may have a perforated nasal septum. The immediate effects of cocaine use include dilated pupils and elevated blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, and body temperature followed by depression. Crack, or freebase rock cocaine, is extremely addictive and can cause delirium, hallucinations, blurred vision, severe chest pain, muscle spasms, convulsions, and even death.

<u>Amphetamines.</u> Amphetamines can cause rapid or irregular heartbeat, tremors, loss of coordination, collapse, and death. Heavy users are prone to irrational acts.

<u>Heroin.</u> Heroin is an opiate drug that causes the body to have diminished pain reactions. The use of heroin can result in coma or death due to a reduction in heart rate.

### J. Substance Abuse Prevention Program:

1. The College provides a session to all new incoming students at First Year Orientation on Alcohol and Other Drugs abuse prevention. The Office of Residence Life also offers

- programming over the course of the academic year that addresses substance abuse issues for resident students.
- 2. The "Late Knight" Programs via the Office of Student Life are Alcohol/ Drug Free Alternative Programs. The student organization, SADD (Students against Destructive Decisions) also offers programs over the course of the academic year.
- 3. Students may seek assistance with issues surrounding substance abuse at the Counseling and Psychological Services Center. The Counseling and Psychological Services Center provides free short-term psychological services to students, and provides consultation and referral to community services as appropriate for chronic, long-term issues. All counseling is strictly confidential in accordance with established professional guidelines. Services are provided or supervised by licensed professionals. The Center is a training site for masters and doctoral students from related professional fields.
- 4. The College has contracted an independent agency to provide an Employee Assistance Program (EAP). The goal of the program is to help individuals and, when necessary, their families to resolve issues which may have a negative impact on job or school performance. It is a completely confidential and voluntary service designed for the use of employees at Saint Rose. The EAP provides early identification, motivation, referral to treatment and follow-up of employees experiencing a deterioration of work performance. The EAP can address such issues as alcoholism, alcohol/substance abuse, emotional problems, stress, depression and marital/family problems. Resource people may be able to help on their own or may refer you to a specialized professional agency. The EAP is a voluntary program.

# **Sexual Harassment and Misconduct Policy Statement**

The College of Saint Rose is committed to creating and maintaining a safe environment for all of its students and employees. All forms of sexual misconduct offenses and other non-consensual sexual contact by members of the Saint Rose community will not be tolerated by the College and represent a violation of College policy and the law. Violation of the College's Sexual Harassment and Misconduct Policy will result in the responsive action, as prescribed under Title IX including investigation of what occurred; action to stop the prohibited conduct; remedial support for the victim of the conduct and, as necessary, for the broader community; and action to reasonably prevent the re-occurrence of the behavior. This may result in possible suspension, dismissal or termination from the College.

A full copy of the College's Sexual Harassment and Misconduct Policy is available on the College's website at <a href="www.strose.edu/titleix">www.strose.edu/titleix</a>. This Statement provides specific information about the Policy.

### **Educational Programs and Campaigns:**

The College provides information for new students and employees that includes a statement that the College prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. The College also provides additional programming for continuing students and employees to ensure that there is ongoing prevention and awareness.

The College offers a number of programs over the course of the academic year, addressing sexual assault, domestic/dating violence, stalking, and related topics. A specific program is presented to all new incoming students during orientation. Further programming is offered by various offices and student organizations including residence life, the counseling center, and campus safety and security.

Pursuant to federal law, students and employees will be educated and updated about security procedures, personal safety, crime prevention and sexual assault, domestic/dating violence, and stalking in all ways that are necessary and appropriate to alert the College community. This may include: posting appropriate flyers, mass e-mail messages, placing articles in the student newspaper, classroom announcements and emergency meetings.

Program/ Activity	Description	Frequency
Orientation Presentation	Provided by Albany County Crime Victims and Sexual	Annual with first year
	Violence Center and the Office of Student Affairs	students
HAVEN on-line program	An on-line program that addresses sexual assault, interpersonal violence, stalking and bystander intervention.	Annual with new students, new athletes, new student club officers

Alliance for Sexual Assault Prevention (campus committee)	Provides programming on sexual assault, stalking, domestic violence, bystander intervention several times a semester including tabling, speakers, and passive programming	Throughout the academic year
Escalation	A program focused on interpersonal violence with a focus on bystander intervention developed by the One Love Foundation	Several times a year
It's On Us	Activities that are provided by the It's On Us organization	A week during the spring semester
New Employee Training	Title IX Coordinator and Director of Safety and Security train new employees on Title IX and Clery Act  As needed	
Investigator Training	Campus investigators attend trainings that are offered in person or on-line.	At least one per semester

# <u>Procedures to Follow if a Crime of Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking Has Occurred:</u>

The following procedures are excerpted from the College's Sexual Misconduct and Harassment Policy:

- 1. Reports should be filed as soon as practicable after an incident of alleged sexual misconduct. The complainant is encouraged to provide as much of the following information as possible:
  - a) the name of the person or persons allegedly responsible for the action; if a College employee the department and position of said person(s); if a student, the address of that person, if known.
  - b) a description of the incident(s), including the date(s), location(s), and the presence of any witnesses;
  - c) the alleged effect of the incident(s) on the complainant's position, academic standing or other conditions of enrollment (student status);
  - d) the names of other individuals who might have been subject to the same or similar action:
  - e) the steps the complainant has taken to try to stop the behavior; and
  - f) any other information the complainant believes to be relevant to the complaint.

### 2. Investigation Process:

- a) The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for ensuring that an impartial investigation begins within a reasonable time after a complaint has been filed. The College of Saint Rose attempts to complete investigations within sixty working days. In certain circumstances the investigation time frames may need to be extended and the Title IX Coordinator has full authority to extend or modify all time frames set forth in this Policy. In such instances, all parties to the complaint will be notified.
- b) Upon receipt of a complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will open a formal case file and assign one of the Trained Investigators who will direct the investigation and confer with the Title IX Coordinator on interim action, accommodations for the alleged victim, or other necessary remedial short-term actions.
  - In most cases, one of the Trained Investigators conducts the investigation. However, the Trained Investigator might work cooperatively with another designated employee or individual external to the College, as determined by the Title IX Coordinator. Throughout the investigation, a designee from a College office shall accompany the investigator during all interviews with the complainant, respondent and witnesses so that information obtained during the interviews can be corroborated. In certain cases, the College may appoint a third party to conduct the investigation. Witnesses will be strongly encouraged not to disclose the fact that they have been interviewed or the nature of the inquiry to others in order to maintain the integrity of the investigation.
- c) Preliminary Review: The investigator will take the initial following steps:
  - 1) Determine the identity and contact information of the complainant (whether that is the alleged victim, the individual who filed a College Incident Report, or a College representative).
  - 2) In coordination with the campus Title IX Coordinator, initiate any necessary remedial actions.
  - 3) Meet with the complainant to obtain details of the incident and provide information regarding resources, academic accommodations, and interim measures that might be available.
  - 4) Identify the policies allegedly violated and other key issues (e.g. power differential, alcohol/drug involvement).
  - 5) Conduct a preliminary investigation to determine if there is reasonable cause to charge the accused individual, and what policy violations should be alleged as part of the complaint.
  - 6) If there is insufficient evidence to support reasonable cause, the complaint should be closed with no further action. If there is sufficient evidence to support reasonable cause, the investigation will proceed to step e) below.
- e) Full Investigation: Upon determining with the Title IX Coordinator that there is sufficient evidence for a full investigation, the investigator shall:

- 1) Prepare the notice of charges and provide a copy to the complainant and respondent.
- 2) Commence a thorough, reliable and impartial investigation by developing a strategic investigation plan in consultation with the Title IX Coordinator, including a witness list, evidence list, intended timeframe, and order of interviews for all witnesses including the complainant and the respondent.
- 3) Complete the investigation promptly, and without unreasonable deviation from the intended timeline.
- 4) At the conclusion of the investigation, draft and submit a detailed written report which includes the following components:
  - A summary of the complaint;
  - A summary of the response by the individual charged with the harassment;
  - A summary of the statements and evidence obtained during the investigation;
  - A recommendation on whether a violation of this Policy occurred based on a Preponderance of the Evidence standard and an explanation to support the finding. If a violation occurred, the recommendation must include a statement about the severity of the violation;
  - A summary of prior settlements or substantiated complaints against the respondent;
  - A recommendation as to the disciplinary action to be taken, if necessary.
  - 5) If the decision is that the respondent is found not responsible for the charges filed against him/her, the investigator shares that outcome with both the complainant and the respondent simultaneously and either party has the right to appeal in accordance with the appeals section of this Policy.
- f) Decision Process: If the investigator finds that the respondent violated this Policy, the process is as follows:
  - 1) If the respondent is a student:
    - a. The investigator will share the findings with the complainant and update the complainant on the status of the investigation and the outcome.
    - b. The investigator will present the findings to the respondent who may accept the findings, reject the findings, or accept the findings in part and reject the findings in part.

- If the respondent accepts the findings, the investigator and Title IX Coordinator will decide upon the sanction(s) to be applied. Both the complainant and the respondent will be provided with the opportunity to submit impact statements prior to the discussion on the sanction(s).
- If the respondent rejects the findings in whole or in part, the Student Conduct Office (SCO) will convene a hearing under its ordinary procedures.
  - i. At the hearing, the findings of the investigation will be admitted, but are not binding on the decider(s) of fact. The investigator may be asked to provide additional evidence.
  - ii. The hearing will determine whether it is more likely than not that the respondent violated this Policy.
  - iii. If the SCO determines that the respondent violated this Policy, both the complainant and respondent will be given the opportunity to submit impact statements before issuing any sanction(s).
  - iv. The SCO will inform both parties of the outcome simultaneously and either may submit an appeal.
- c. Appeal Process: Either party may appeal the decision by submitting a written petition to the SCO within two days of receipt of the decision. The SCO will share the appeal with the other party who may also wish to file a response. The SCO will draft a response memorandum (also shared with all parties). All appeals and responses are then forwarded to the Appeals Hearing Board for initial review to determine if the appeal meets one or more of the following grounds for appeal and is timely:
  - i. A procedural error occurred that significantly impacted the outcome of the hearing
  - ii. To consider new evidence, unavailable during the original hearing or investigation, that could substantially impact the original finding or sanction. A summary of this new evidence and its potential impact must be included;

iii. The sanctions imposed are substantially disproportionate to the severity of the violation.

If the Appeals Hearing Board finds that the appeal is not timely or substantively eligible, the original finding and sanction will stand and the decision is final. If the appeal has standing, the documentation from the investigation is forwarded to the Appeals Hearing Board for consideration. The party requesting appeal must show error as the original finding and sanction are presumed to have been decided reasonably and appropriately.

### d. Transcript Notation

- If the respondent is found responsible for a crime of violence, as defined by the Clery Act, a notation will be made on his/her student transcript indicating that he/she has been "suspended after a finding of responsibility for a code of conduct violation" or "expelled after a finding of responsibility for a code of conduct violation."
- If the respondent withdraws from the College while such conduct charges are pending, and declines to complete the disciplinary process, the College shall make a notation on his/her student transcript that he/she "withdrew with conduct charges pending." If the finding of responsibility is vacated, the notation will be removed from the student's transcript.
- 2) If the respondent is an employee (faculty, administrator, or staff):
  - a. The investigator will share the findings with the complainant and update the complainant on the status of the investigation and the outcome.
  - b. The investigator will determine the appropriate sanctions in conjunction with the Title IX Coordinator and the Associate Vice President for Human Resources. The investigation will present the findings and sanction to the respondent.
  - c. If the sanction is termination of the respondent's employment, the College will follow the applicable employee handbook or union contract.

- 3) If the respondent is a third party:
  - a. The investigator will share the findings with the complainant and update the complainant on the status of the investigation and the outcome.
  - b. The investigator will determine the appropriate sanctions in conjunction with the Title IX Coordinator and the Associate Vice President for Human Resources. The investigation will present the findings and sanction to the respondent. The sanctions may include a permanent no-contact order and bar from the College's campus, including any future employment and or educational opportunities.
  - c. If the respondent is employed by a contractor on campus, the College may require the contractor to terminate the respondent's employment in order to continue the contract.

### Information and Resources for Victims of Sexual Violence:

- A. If you are the victim of sexual violence:
  - 1. Get to a safe place a friend's house or any place where people can give you emotional support and physical care. Call the Rape Crisis Hot Line.
  - 2. Do not clean up. It may be difficult to keep from cleaning yourself up, but if you do you may destroy evidence that could be useful should you decide to report the assault to the police. Don't wash up, douche, change clothes, eat, brush your teeth, go to the bathroom or brush your hair. Even if you are not sure about reporting the assault, it makes sense to preserve the option of reporting until you make a final decision.
  - 3. Seek medical help immediately for the treatment of any injuries and for tests to check the possibility of pregnancy or sexually transmitted diseases. If you do plan to report the incident to authorities, that is an additional reason to seek medical attention as medical evidence can be collected. Don't douche, bathe, shower or change your clothes before seeking medical attention
  - 4. Report the incident to a campus counselor or victim advocate if you feel comfortable doing so.
  - 5. Seek counseling, whether or not you decide to report the crime or participate in legal action. Professional counseling is available through the Counseling and Psychological Services Center at The College of Saint Rose. Counseling can be beneficial as you work through your reaction to sexual misconduct

- 6. You may also choose to file a report with campus security, the Albany Police Department, or the NYS Police. This is your decision.
- 7. If you wish, file a complaint with the Student Conduct Office, if the accused person is part of The College of Saint Rose community. An investigation for appropriate disciplinary action under the College's prohibition against sexual misconduct will occur with the Student Conduct Office.
- 8. Tell your story soon to avoid forgetting details. Alternatively, write out the details for yourself or use a tape recorder.
- 9. Take whatever steps are necessary to work through the incident/assault. This might include talking to your partner, friend or counselor about your feelings. Resume your normal routine as much as possible.
- 10. Go with your instincts. Whatever you decide to do is a decision you must feel comfortable with. Your goal is to survive and escape safely. You will react to the crime in the way that makes the most sense to you at the time.
- B. Resources: There are trained on- and off- campus advocates and counselors who can provide an immediate confidential response in a crisis situation:

# On-Campus:

On Campus Health Provider and Contact Information:	Sandra Frese Health Services 190 Partridge St., Albany, NY 12203 518-454-5244 Hours: 8 am – 5 pm
On Campus Mental Health Care Provider and Contact Information:	Dr. Jay Hamer 947 Madison Ave, Albany, NY 12203 518-454-5200
On Campus Pastoral Counselor and Contact Information:	Joan Horgan Hubbard Interfaith Sanctuary 959 Madison Ave. Albany, NY 12203 518-454-5250

# Off-Campus:

Off Campus Resource for Mental Health and Advocacy:	Albany County Crime Victims and Sexual
	Violence Center
	112 State St., Albany, NY 12207
	24-Hour Sexual Assault Hotline:
	518-447-7716

Off-Campus Domestic Violence Services:	Equinox – Domestic Violence Services 95 Central Ave., Albany, NY 12206 24 Hour Hotline – 518-432-7865
Health Care Providers, Sexual Assault	St. Peter's Hospital Manning Blvd., Albany, NY 12208
Nurse Examiners (SANE), Rape Kits:	Albany Medical Center New Scotland Ave., Albany, NY 12208

# **Confidentiality and Privacy:**

The following excerpt from Saint Rose's Sexual Harassment and Misconduct Policy addresses confidentiality and privacy for victims:

- a) All inquiries, complaints and investigations are treated with respect and attention to the
  privacy of the complainant. Information is revealed strictly on a need-to-know basis.
  Although the identities of the complainant and respondent are usually revealed to the
  respondent and witnesses, the College prohibits retaliation of any form toward any party.
- b) A copy of the investigation report and the final decision is included in the student's or employee's file only if the investigation concludes that the respondent engaged in prohibited conduct.
- c) All information pertaining to a harassment complaint or investigation is maintained by the Title IX Coordinator and the Associate Vice President for Human Resources in secure files. These secure files will be kept separate from all other human resources or student files maintained by the College, except when the investigation concludes that the complaint was reckless or frivolous.
- d) Where the respondent is found not responsible for the alleged violation(s), the investigation should be closed. When facts obtained in the investigation do not support the allegation, the investigation will be closed. If subsequently there is additional information discovered related to the allegation the investigation will be re-opened.
- e) The College prohibits retaliation in any form for complainants and witnesses.

# **Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures**

The College is committed to providing a safe educational and work environment. One measure of an organization's strength is its ability to respond well in an emergency. Since every emergency scenario cannot be predicted, an emergency response plan must be able to quickly adapt to events as they unfold. The following Emergency Response Plan (ERP) designates areas of responsibility and defines for The College of Saint Rose (the "College") the framework necessary to respond to emergency situations.

The purpose of an ERP is to provide an effective means of communicating contingency and emergency plan responses and evacuation procedures to all campus constituencies in the event of natural, man-made or other disasters and potential emergencies. At this time, the College's notification system is to the entire College community and not to individual segments. The implementation of an emergency action plan is essential to ensuring the safety and well-being of students, faculty, staff and visitors. Unforeseen events of all types occur despite all efforts to prevent them; therefore, it is necessary to develop effective emergency procedures to respond to these situations.

Campus officials and responding organizations should know what is expected of them when emergency responses are necessary. Being aware of one's responsibility in the event of an emergency will increase the likelihood of responding to critical situations effectively and efficiently.

# I. Comprehensive Emergency Management Process

Emergency management is a continuous process, which includes activities to prevent occurrences and includes planning and response activities to ensure that the College is prepared to respond to and recover from occurrences.

### A. Planning, Prevention, and Mitigation

Planning refers to the periodic risk assessment of potential hazards at the College, plus a historical review of emergency situations in the area, which inform the development and refinement of an ERP. Planning activities should also include discussions with off-campus providers of emergency services, such as local emergency responders. The plan should also include contingency planning for critical services and incident recovery, including cleanup.

Prevention refers to those short or long-term activities that eliminate or reduce the number of occurrences of emergencies and disasters.

Mitigation refers to all activities that reduce the effects of emergencies and disasters when they do occur.

#### B. Response

Most response activities follow the immediate impact of an emergency or disaster. Generally, they are designed to minimize casualties and protect property to the extent possible through emergency assistance. They also seek to reduce the probability of secondary damage and to

speed recovery operations.

A response is required when:

- The College is damaged or exposed in some way
- Evacuation or special sheltering of all or part of the College may be required because immediate and ensuing threats are uncontrollable

# Response activities include:

- Assessing and monitoring the hazard
- Alerting and warning endangered populations
- Alerting response forces to stand by
- Evacuating or special sheltering of threatened populations
- Dispensing and/or relocating critical equipment and resources

### C. Recovery

Recovery activities are those following an emergency or disaster to correct adverse conditions, and to protect and return the quality of life to the campus.

Recovery activities will include measures to:

- Prevent or mitigate a reoccurrence of the emergency
- Implement contingency plans
- Provide psychological support
- Address public health needs
- Activate support services such as the American Red Cross
- Reinstate College services
- Restore private and public property
- Repopulate evacuated areas

# II. Levels of Emergencies

Emergencies can occur on many levels. The emergency response may be as simple as a departmental response to repair a building component or complex involving the coordination of multiple campus operations and community response organizations.

The College has adopted a three tier system of incident severity levels to structure the College response.

### A. <u>Level I – Minor Emergency</u>

A Minor Emergency situation involves an event that is occurring or may occur that could negatively affect one or more college students, employees or visitors. The response may involve calling in personnel and notifying the department where the problem occurred.

These situations are characterized by the following:

- No immediate danger or emergency exists, but the potential is present
- The incident appears to be of short duration

- The situation is limited in scope, such as a broken water pipe, and can be managed by the appropriate administrative area of the College
- The situation is usually a one dimensional event that has a limited duration and little
  impact to the campus community beyond those using the space/building in which it
  occurred

# Examples of a Minor Emergency situation include:

- A severe storm watch issued by the National Weather Service
- A fire or hazardous materials incident within two (2) miles of an owned facility
- A minor building system problem
- A local power outage
- A minor fire at the College confined to a small area with no hazardous material exposure
- Minor chemical or fuel spills at the College
- A loss of heat and/or electricity to a single building, which is expected to last no longer than a few hours

# B. Level II - Major Emergency

A Major Emergency situation indicates a risk exists or a situation is about to occur that will impact one or more of the College buildings, students, and/or employees. The presented risk requires that a preparatory status be adopted.

# A Major Emergency situation is characterized by the following:

- The potential danger is real and College personnel should be prepared to react
- The situation has the potential for expanding beyond a specific physical area
- The situation may continue for an extended period
- Resolving the situation may require a response by multiple College departments and/or response by an outside agency

# Examples of a Level II situation include:

- A severe storm warning issued by the National Weather Service
- A major fire or hazardous materials incident within one-half (1/2) mile of a College owned facility
- A major building system failure

# C. Level III - Disaster

Disaster Level situations impact a sizable portion or all of the campus and/or outside community. These situations tend to be people focused. Responses to these emergencies often require considerable and timely coordination both within and, at times, outside of the College. A Disaster Level indicates that a situation is occurring and requires a response by the College.

# A Disaster Level situation is characterized by the following:

- College students, employees and guests are in danger and/or facilities and equipment are at risk. Immediate action is necessary
- The incident is on College property, or it is off College property but close enough to affect a facility or involve College student, employee or guest

• The situation requires the coordination of College resources or coordination with outside agencies

# Examples of a Disaster situation include:

- A fire or hazardous materials incident occurring at a College facility
- A major storm or weather event that is causing or has caused injury/damage
- Active shooter
- Death on campus
- · Serial sexual assaults
- Hate crimes
- Bomb threats
- Extended power outage
- Contagious disease outbreak

# III. Entities Involved In the College Response

### A. Incident Commander (IC)

The first arriving College official at an emergency will assume Incident Command until relieved by appropriate emergency first response personnel or when relieved by the IC appointed by the Emergency Management Team as noted below. The Incident Commander function is frequently assumed by a member of the College's Safety and Security Department.

# Priority tasks include:

- Limit the growth of the incident
- Ensure the safety of the community and first responders
- Stabilize the scene
- Determine threat level
- Establish communications and control
- Identify any "danger zones"
- Establish an inner perimeter to secure the "danger zone"
- Establish an outer perimeter to control access to the entire scene
- Establish a staging area
- Request needed resources

# B. Emergency Management Team (EMT)

The EMT provides strategic oversight to the College's emergency response. The EMT makes policy determinations regarding response actions. A current list of EMT members by position is available at <a href="https://www.strose.edu/campus-offices/security/emergency-response-plan/">https://www.strose.edu/campus-offices/security/emergency-response-plan/</a>.

Certain individuals within the EMT are identified as Conveners. A convener is an EMT member with the authority to activate the College response to an emergency as follows:

- determine/confirm the level of emergency
- determine whether to convene the EMT and/or EOG

- setting the direction as to how the emergency will be managed
- making key executive decisions
- notify the President

### The role of the EMT includes:

- Determine if "state of campus emergency" is necessary (not necessary)
- Assign individuals from available personnel to assist with the additional evacuations
- Based on the severity and extent of the emergency determine whether to recall evacuated personnel or release them.
- Appoint an Incident Commander (IC) to lead the operational response to the emergency. The IC may be a member of the EMT or EOG or College employee outside of these groups and is the individual with primary responsibility for implementing the College response to the emergency
- Convene the EOG if necessary
- Notify students/employees of the emergency condition via the emergency notification system, the emergency blue light public address system and/or building public address system(s) where available
- Approve overall priorities & strategies
- Approve public information reports & instructions
- Gather information for Public Relations so that College statements for the media can be prepared. Ensure that electronic and print media services are available and operational for use by Public Relations
- Provide for counseling and spiritual intervention
- Liaison with governments & external organizations

# C. Emergency Operations Group (EOG)

The EOG provides operational oversight to the College's emergency response.

#### The role of the EOG is to:

- Request that additional College employees be temporarily assigned to the EOG if necessary
- Gather, confirm and evaluate incident information
- Develop an incident action plan to resolve specific priority situations
- Ensure the Assistant Vice President for Facilities has overseen the shutdown of necessary equipment
- Determine the College needs for temporary class, faculty, business operations space and/or housing
- Report findings and action plan to the EMT
- · Request additional resources as needed
- Identify resource needs and shortfalls
- Reassign/deploy individuals in support of critical needs
- Serve as link to local, state, and federal emergency coordination centers

# IV. Outside Agencies and Response Coordination

The local government and emergency service organizations play an essential role as the first line

of defense in responding to some high-impact emergencies. Some emergencies will initiate an immediate response for outside agencies and, in other scenarios, the College may request the involvement of outside agencies. In responding to an emergency or disaster, the College will initially rely on the full use of the College's facilities, equipment, supplies, personnel, and resources, as well as the resources of private entities (e.g. contractors).

When an emergency or disaster is beyond the local management capability of the College and local resources are inadequate, the President may obtain assistance from other political subdivisions or other governmental agencies with jurisdiction.

The EMT has the authority to direct and coordinate campus disaster operations and may subrogate this authority to an outside agency. Alternately, in disaster level scenarios, outside agencies will typically exercise their authority to assume command and control of the emergency response. In this scenario, the EMT and/or the College's designated IC will be the primary liaison with the outside agency. Outside agencies, which may exercise command and control, include the Albany Fire Department, the Albany Police Department, County or State Health Departments, as well as the state or federal emergency management offices.

The College maintains Memoranda of Understanding with both the Albany Police Department and The State University of New York at Albany Policy, both of whom have jurisdiction on the College's campus. Campus Security maintains a highly professional working relationship with both of these law enforcement agencies.

# V. Additional Roles and Responsibilities

Additional offices are expected to assume various roles at the request of the EOG in an effort to provide a coordinated response to an emergency. In some circumstances, the EOG may direct employees to assume temporary roles outside the normal scope of their duties. In these situations, the EOG will consider the skills and abilities of individuals to carry out those temporary roles prior to making the assignment. Any employees in departments that do not have specific roles related to the emergency response will become part of a "pool" of reserve personnel to assist as assigned by those coordinating the specific emergency.

### VI. Training

Proper training is a key element enabling administrators to respond to emergency situations. Effective emergency management includes interaction between campus officials and local emergency responders. Emergency plans should be in place and rehearsed internally through "tabletop" exercises with key campus personnel and local emergency responders to ensure their ability to function in the event of an actual emergency or disaster. The EMT schedules tabletop exercises to allow the members of both the EMT and EOG to apply the knowledge gained from actual experience and prior training to simulated emergency situations.

The members of the EMT continually survey training resources and make available training to members of the EMT and EOG, as appropriate.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) makes available a number of training resources. A list of on-line courses offered by FEMA is available at <a href="http://training.fema.gov/IS/crslist.asp">http://training.fema.gov/IS/crslist.asp</a>.

# VII. Response Framework

### A. <u>Direction and Coordination of an Emergency</u>

The College will follow a protocol defined by a series of steps when responding to an emergency. The protocol is initiated with the identification of an emergency situation.

- 1. With the identification of an emergency situation or with information indicating a potential for a future emergency, an employee should contact the Safety and Security Department (SSD) immediately. All employees have the responsibility to report emergency conditions immediately to the SSD. The SSD may be contacted at 518-454-5187, via internal extension at 5187, or by dialing 911 on any College phone.
- 2. Dispatch Security Officers and make calls for appropriate law enforcement and/or emergency services response to a situation. For any emergency call, the Dispatcher will notify the on-duty Safety and Security supervisor, who will contact the Director of Safety and Security to apprise him/her of the emergency. The SSD will assume the lead role for scene control until emergency aid responders arrive on-site and are relieved.
- 3. The SSD will notify the Conveners of the EMT when emergency information is received, except for most Level I emergencies, which will be communicated through routine channels to the appropriate departments for response.

Level I emergencies do not warrant the assembly of the Emergency Management Team. The SSD will assume the lead role until the emergency situation is no longer determined to exist or until outside emergency aid responders arrive on-site.

Level II or III emergencies, the Security Dispatcher will notify the Director of Safety and Security who will then notify the EMT Conveners.

- 4. If the nature of the emergency warrants the assembly of the EMT, the Director of Safety and Security or his designee is responsible for contacting team members. Members can be directed to meet immediately or notified that the EMT and EOG may be activated in the near future.
- 5. The EMT will assemble as quickly as possible in the Emergency Operations Center (EOC).

Normally, the EOC will be located at Security Headquarters, 340 Western Avenue, but under certain conditions (including power outage) the EOC may be set-up at a designated back-up location (Lima Hall Computer Lab or a Lally Computer Lab), or anywhere necessary telecommunication and data support facilities exist.

- 6. Once the emergency has been resolved, the EMT and EOG will:
  - Develop a plan for a smooth transition to normal operations by coordinating with other relevant college, federal, state, county, and local organizations.
  - Initiate a complete review of the incident under the direction of the IC.
  - Direct all personnel involved in the incident to prepare an after-action report
  - Provide report to the President and keep with the incident file.
  - Provide counseling support to any staff involved in the incident.

# B. <u>Direction and Coordination of a Potential Emergency</u>

When conditions permit and an impending emergency situation (example: anticipated major snow or ice storm, large campus gathering, etc.) provides ample time, the EMT may assemble the EOG to formulate an incident action plan for recommendation to the EMT, or if time is of the essence, to the most Senior Executive Officer available on campus.

# C. <u>Declaration of an Emergency Condition</u>

An EMT convener shall declare a state of emergency (an action possible for some Level III emergencies), upon recommendation of the EMT. The EMT determines that emergency procedures should be implemented and/or all or part of the College should be closed. An EMT convener or their designees shall declare an end to the state of emergency when appropriate.

The EMT conveners, in addition to declaring a state of emergency, may also initiate other actions to ensure safety during emergency situations. Those actions include:

- 1. **Shelter in Place** Students, employees and campus visitors are directed to remain in or report to a sheltered area, such as any College building. This action may be taken when a threat is imminent, such as a tornado, or to prevent exposure, in the case of a chemical spill. Individuals should close window blinds and stay away from windows.
- 2. **Lock down** All doors on College buildings are locked to prevent access from the outside. Individuals finding themselves outside during a lockdown are instructed to leave campus rather than attempt to enter a locked building. This action will be taken if an active shooter is reported to be on campus. In a lock down situation, individuals should not open doors unless police and/or other authorities are present. Individuals should close window blinds and stay away from windows.
- 3. **Evacuation** Students, employees and campus visitors will be directed to evacuate all or a portion of the College campus. If an evacuation is initiated, specific instructions will be provided through the internal community notification systems. An evacuation may be initiated for a long-duration power outage, flood or other emergency situation.

### D. Emergency Communication

1. Internal Community Notification

Timely and accurate communication with the campus population during an emergency situation is very important. The EMT will be responsible for providing the campus community with regularly updated information regarding the emergency.

Media (i.e., radio, television, social media), the College website, Campus Blue Light System, College e-mail system, and the RAVE emergency communication system are used to update the campus community based on the severity of the emergency.

Periodic updates will be provided, as time permits, through the same means. Should both the phone and data network be unavailable, staff will be dispatched from the EOC to alert residents and employees in each College building. Emergency communications, both on and off-campus, will be coordinated by Safety and Security and Strategic Communications.

In the event that the College's communications system is disrupted, an emergency communication system is available. The SSD will set-up a "command post" for the EOG at 340 Western Avenue. Members of the Safety and Security Department will operate the command post communications system and are responsible for maintaining a written log of the emergency event for post incident debriefing, analysis and reporting.

#### 2. External Community Notification

In the event of campus emergencies requiring notification of the media, all information collected by College employees is given to the Office of Public Relations. Public Relations will prepare official statements prior to meeting with the media. Other College employees will refrain from speaking with the media to avoid giving inaccurate, contradicting or incomplete information.

In cases where press briefings are necessary, a press area will be established.

In cases where families are brought to campus, a gathering area will be established. Student Affairs and Spiritual Life will have primary responsibility for interacting with the families and keeping them updated on the emergency.

#### VIII. Plan Distribution and Access

This plan is distributed to members of the emergency management team and department heads. A master copy of the document is maintained by the emergency response team leader. The plan is available for review by all employees via the College's website. http://www.strose.edu/campuslife/campus security/emergency response plan

Provide print copies of this plan within the room designated as the emergency operations center (EOC). Multiple copies should be stored within the EOC to ensure that team members can quickly review roles, responsibilities, tasks and reference information when the team is activated.

An electronic copy is also stored on a secured USB flash drive for printing on demand.

# **Policy on Timely Warnings and Emergency Notifications**

# I. Policy

This Policy provides information about when a timely warning and/or an emergency notification will be issued by The College of Saint Rose ("Saint Rose").

#### II. Definitions

- A. Clery Crime A crime that must be reported under the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. These crimes are: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, a hate crime (consisting of theft, simple assault, intimidation, or criminal mischief), domestic violence, dating violence, and/or stalking.
- B. Emergency Notification A notice to the Saint Rose community that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees on or near the campus. Emergency Notifications may be sent to a targeted portion of the Saint Rose community that is at risk. Emergency notifications will be issued as soon as possible and without delay unless doing so would compromise efforts to assist a victim or respond to the emergency.
- C. Timely Warning A warning to the Saint Rose community that a Clery Crime was reported and there is a potentially serious or continuing threat to students and/or employees on or near the campus.

## III. Issuing Emergency Notifications

- A. When there is an emergency situation involving an imminent threat to the Saint Rose campus and/or community, the Saint Rose Director of Safety and Security ("Security Director"), or the ranking Security Officer in charge, will confirm the existence and scope of the emergency.
- B. If the emergency is confirmed, the Security Director, or the ranking Security Officer in charge, has the authority to issue Emergency Notifications without consulting with other members of the Saint Rose community. However, the Security Director or designee shall notify the Chief of Staff, Vice President for Student Affairs, Vice President for Finance and Administration, and General Counsel as soon as practical.
- C. Emergency Notifications will be distributed as follows:
  - 1. Through Saint Rose's RAVE system where messages are sent via cellular telephones, voicemails, text messages, and email systems,
  - 2. Through AXIS TV digital signage where messages are posted to several large screen televisions in strategic locations around campus, and
  - 3. Broadcast over the Emergency Blue Light Call Boxes on the Saint Rose campus.

If any portion of the Saint Rose campus is closed due to the emergency situation, that closure will be posted on the Saint Rose's emergency closing number at 518-458-5377.

If a campus emergency requires notification of the media, all information collected by employees is given to the College's Office of Public Relations. Public Relations will prepare official statements prior to meeting with the media. Other College employees will refrain from speaking with the media to avoid giving inaccurate, contradicting or incomplete information.

## IV. Issuing Timely Warnings

- A. The decision to issue a Timely Warning is made on a case by case basis by the following administrators or their designees: Chief of Staff, Security Director, Vice President for Student Affairs, Vice President for Finance and Administration, and General Counsel.
- B. The decision will be based on whether the reported Clery Crime represents a serious and continuing threat to students and/or employees at Saint Rose.
- C. If the decision is to issue a Timely Warning, it will include the following information:
  - 1. A brief statement of the incident.
  - 2. Any possible connections to previous incidents, when applicable,
  - 3. A Physical description of the suspect,
  - 4. A composite drawing of the suspect, when available,
  - 5. The Date and time the Timely Warning was released, and
  - 6. Any other relevant information including prevention tips, when appropriate.
- D. Timely Warnings will be distributed as follows:
  - 1. Through the Saint Rose email system,
  - 2. On Saint Rose's electronic site http://blackboard.strose.edu, and
  - 3. In hard copy on special red framed announcement boards located in various conspicuous locations
- E. All decisions on Timely Warnings will be appropriately documented by the Security Director or designee using the Timely Warning Documentation Form.

# Missing Residential Student Notification Policy and Procedures

#### I. Policy

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 2008 (20 U.S.C. §1092(j)), The College of Saint Rose ("Saint Rose") has established these Policy and Procedures. This Policy applies to all Saint Rose Resident Students (as defined below).

#### II. Definitions:

- A. Emergency Contact Anyone designated by the student who can be contacted in case of an emergency, such as if the student is missing. A student may update his/her Emergency Contact(s) by filling out a form maintained in the Office of Student Affairs which will be shared with Security and the Office of Residence Life.
- B. Missing Student A residential student who is absent from Saint Rose without any known reason and a preliminary investigation fails to locate the student. In most instances, a student will not be deemed a Missing Student for at least 24 hours.
- C. Residential Student A currently enrolled student at Saint Rose student who lives on campus in a dormitory/residence hall, apartment, or house.
- D. Security Saint Rose's Office of Safety and Security.

#### III. Information for Students:

- A. A student has the option to identify an Emergency Contact who can be contacted by Saint Rose not later than 24 hours after it is determined that the student is a Missing Student. Students.
- B. A student may register confidential contact information that can be used if the student is a Missing Student for more than 24 hours.
- C. If any student who is under 18 years of age and not emancipated is determined to be a Missing Student, then Saint Rose is required to notify that student's custodial parent or guardian not later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be a Missing Student.
- D. Saint Rose will initiate Emergency Contact procedures in accordance with the student's designation if Security is notified and makes a determination that the student is missing for more than 24 hours and has not returned to campus.

#### IV. Procedures:

A. A report of a Missing Student, from any and all sources, should immediately be provided

- to the Security Director or designee who shall initiate a preliminary investigation which will include the following:
- B. The Security Director or designee shall notify the Director of Residence Life and the Vice President for Student Affairs. The Vice President for Student Affairs, in consultation with the Security Director shall initiate whatever action he or she deems appropriate under the circumstances in the best interest of the missing student.
- C. The preliminary investigation by Security shall include one or more of the following, as required by the circumstances:
  - 1. Checking the residence of the student, ordinarily with a representative from Residence Life, and talking with known associates;
  - 2. Calling any phone numbers the student has on file with Saint Rose;
  - 3. Searching on campus public locations,
  - 4. Contacting known friends, family or faculty members for last sighting or additional contact information;
  - 5. Contacting Student Affairs or academic departments to seek information on last sighting or other contact information;
  - 6. Reviewing card access logs to determine last use of the card and track the card for future uses;
  - 7. Reviewing vehicle registration information for the student's vehicle location and distribution to appropriate authorities; and/or
  - 8. Looking up College Network logs for last login and the use of the Saint Rose email system.
- D. Either concurrently with the preliminary investigation or if the preliminary investigation fails to yield the location of the Missing Student, Security and/or the Vice President for Student Affairs shall contact the student's emergency contact person. If the Missing Student is under the age of 18 and not emancipated, the student's custodial parent or guardian as noted in Saint Rose's records will be notified within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing.
- E. If these contacts fail to yield the location of the student, Security will file a missing person's report with the Albany Police Department. At his/her discretion, the Security Director may notify the Albany Police Department immediately upon a report of a Missing Student.
- F. Saint Rose employees will immediately report any suspicious findings to the Albany Police Department during any step of this process.

# **Disclosure of Crimes and Crime Statistics**

## **Daily Crime Log**

Campus Security maintains a daily crime log that lists all reported crimes, whether or not they are Clery crimes. The log provides information about the reported crime including the incident type, location, date/time of the report, location of the crime, the disposition of the crime, and a brief narrative describing the crime. The Daily Crime Log is available to anyone at the Campus Security front desk located at 340 Western Avenue, Albany, New York 12203.

## **Crime Statistics:**

Security gathers and compiles Saint Rose's crime statistics. The statistics include information reported to Security or Campus Security Authorities, the Albany Police Department, and the University Police Department of the State University of Albany. The 2015 Annual Security Report includes crime statistics from the 2013, 2014, and 2015 calendar years.

In accordance with the law, Saint Rose reports the following Clery Crimes, VAWA Offenses, and Arrests/Disciplinary Actions:

## **Clery Crimes:**

- 1. <u>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</u> The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.
- 2. **Negligent Manslaughter** The killing of another person through gross negligence.
- 3. **Rape** The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- 4. **Fondling** The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- 5. <u>Incest</u> Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- 6. <u>Statutory Rape</u> Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the age of consent.
- 7. **Robbery** The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- 8. <u>Aggravated Assault</u> An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually

accompanied by the use of a weapon or means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

- 9. **Burglary** The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.
- 10. **Motor Vehicle Theft** The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.
- 11. <u>Arson</u> Willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn with or without intent to defraud a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

#### Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Offenses:

- 1. <u>Dating Violence</u> Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship is determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- 2. <u>Domestic Violence</u> A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by:
  - A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
  - A person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
  - A person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
  - A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
  - Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
- 3. <u>Stalking</u> Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

## Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action:

- 1. <u>Illegal Weapons Possession</u> The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.
- 2. <u>Drug Law Violations</u> The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics manufactured

narcotics which can cause true addition (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbituates, Benzedrine).

3. <u>Liquor Law Violations</u> – The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence or drunkenness.

#### Bias Related/Hate Crimes:

Under the Clery Act, Bias Related or Hate Crimes are when any of the Clery Crimes or larcenytheft, simple assault, intimidation, or destruction/damage/vandalism of property is based on one or more of the following bias categories: race, gender, gender identity, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

Under New York State Penal Law, Article 485, a Hate Crime is any "specified offense" where victims were selected because of their race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation. Specified offenses include crimes such as assault, manslaughter, sexual offenses, unlawful imprisonment, burglary, larceny, robbery, and harassment. A full list of specific offenses under NYS Law is available at <a href="http://ypdcrime.com/penal.law/article485.htm#p485-00">http://ypdcrime.com/penal.law/article485.htm#p485-00</a>.

Examples of hate crimes may include, but are not limited to: threatening phone calls, hate mail (including electronic mail), physical assaults, vandalism, destruction of property, and fire bombings.

Any member of the Saint Rose community who is found to have committed a Bias Related or Hate Crime is subject to strict disciplinary action including possible suspension or dismissal from the College.

## Procedures for Dealing with Bias Related Crime:

The following processes are applicable to students or employees who are accused of committing bias related or hate crimes. These processes are in addition to any potential law enforcement actions that may be filed.

#### **Against Students:**

A student accused of a bias related or hate crime is subject to a hearing and possible disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Conduct Process. The Assistant Vice President for Student Affairs or the Director of Residence Life will be the hearing officer for grievances brought by students against students. The Assistant Vice President for Human Resources will serve as the hearing officer for grievances brought by students against an employee. The Vice President for Finance and Administration may appoint a different hearing officer if so requested by the Assistant Vice President for Human Resources. At the conclusion of this process, either the accused student or the complainant may appeal the decision of such a hearing in writing within two working days of the receipt of the decision letter in accordance with the Appeal Procedures in the Student Conduct Process. The Vice President for Student Affairs will serve as the appeal officer in student cases.

Additional information is available in the Student Handbook at <a href="https://www.strose.edu/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/Student-Handbook-2015-2016.pdf">https://www.strose.edu/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/Student-Handbook-2015-2016.pdf</a>.

## **Against Employees:**

An employee accused of a bias related or hate crime is subject to a hearing and possible disciplinary action in accordance with the [insert employee policy]. The Assistant Vice President for Human Resources will serve as the hearing officer for grievances brought by students and/or employees against an employee. The Vice President for Finance and Administration may appoint a different hearing officer if so requested by the Assistant Vice President for Human Resources. The Vice President for Finance and Administration or the Vice President for Academic Affairs will serve as the appeal officer for employee cases.

Additional information is available at http://assets.strose.edu/Hr/Nondiscrimination.pdf.

# **Crime Statistics**

CRIMINAL OFFENSES						
Offense	Year	On-Campus Property (except Housing)	On-Campus Student Housing Facilities	Noncampus Property	Public Property	
Murder/ Non-	2015	0	0	0	0	
Negligent	2014	0	0	0	0	
Manslaughter	2013	0	0	0	0	
36 1 1 1	2015	0	0	0	0	
Manslaughter by Negligence	2014	0	0	0	0	
Negligence	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	1	
Rape	2014	0	1	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	1	0	1	
Fondling	2014	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	1	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Incest	2014	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Statutory Rape	2014	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Robbery	2014	0	0	0	3	
	2013	0	0	0	4	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Aggravated Assault	2014	0	0	0	0	
Assaun	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	4	0	0	
Burglary	2014	7	1	0	0	
<i>3 · 1</i>	2013	1	2	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Motor Vehicle Theft	2014	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	0	
Arson	2014	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	0	0	

VAWA OFFENSES							
		Geographic Location					
Offense	Year	On-Campus Property (except Housing)	On-Campus Student Housing Facilities	Noncampus Property	Public Property		
	2015	0	0	0	0		
Domestic Violence	2014	0	0	0	0		
	2013	0	0	0	0		
	2015	0	2	0	0		
Dating Violence	2014	1	3	0	0		
	2013	0	0	0	0		
	2015	1	6	0	0		
Stalking	2014	0	6	0	0		
	2013	1	6	0	0		

ARRESTS AND DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS								
Offense			Geographic Location					
		Year	On- Campus Property (except Housing)	On-Campus Student Housing Facilities	Noncampus Property	Public Property		
	Y . Y	2015	0	0	0	0		
	Liquor Law Violations	2014	0	0	0	1		
		2013	0	0	0	0		
	Drug Abuse Violations	2015	1	0	0	4		
Arrests		2014	0	0	0	1		
		2013	0	0	0	0		
	Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	2015	0	0	0	1		
		2014	0	0	0	0		
		2013	0	0	0	0		
	Liquor Law Violations	2015	0	71	0	0		
		2014	0	127	0	5		
		2013	2	82	0	0		
	Drug Abuse Violations	2015	0	13	0	1		
Disciplinary Referrals		2014	1	27	0	0		
		2013	3	13	0	0		
	Weapons:	2015	0	1	0	0		
	Carrying,	2014	0	0	0	0		
	Possession, Etc.	2013	0	0	0	1		

HATE CRIMES					
2015:	No Hate Crimes reported.				
2014:	One on-campus Intimidation incident characterized by Race bias.				
	One on-campus Intimidation incident characterized by Sexual Orientation bias.				
2013:	One public property Intimidation characterized by Race bias.				

UNFOUNDED CRIMES				
2015:	One unfounded crime.			
2014:	No unfounded crimes.			
2013:	No unfounded crimes.			

# **Disclosure of Fire Safety Standards and Measures**

Saint Rose's Fire Safety Report is published on an annual basis in this Annual Security Report. In accordance with the Disclosure of Fire Safety Standards and Measures requirement in the Higher Education Opportunity Act, the Fire Safety Report includes:

- Annual statistics;
- A description of each on-campus student housing facilities fire safety system, including the sprinkler fire system;
- The number of regular, mandatory, supervised fire drills;
- Policies or rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking, open flames, procedures for evaluation, policies regarding fire safety education and training programs, provided to students, faculty, and staff; and
- Plans for future improvements in fire safety, if necessary

# Fire Statistics:

For the most recent calendar years for which data is available, Saint Rose is required to provide the following:

- The number of fires and the cause of each fire;
- The number of injuries related to a fire that resulted in treatment at a medical facility;
- The number of deaths related to a fire; and
- The value of property damage caused by a fire

That data for calendar years 2006 through 2015 is as follows:

Calendar Year	Number of Fires	Cause of Fire	Injuries	Deaths	Property Damage Value
2015	0	0	0	0	\$0
2014	0	0	0	0	\$0
2013	0	0	0	0	\$0
2012	1	Grease fire	0	0	\$0
2011	0	0	0	0	\$0
2010	0	0	0	0	\$0
2009	0	0	0	0	\$0
2008	0	0	0	0	\$0
2007	0	0	0	0	\$0
2006	0	0	0	0	\$0

#### Fire Safety Systems in Each On-Campus Student Housing Facility:

The following chart provides information about the fire safety system in each residence hall, apartment, and house used for student residences on Saint Rose's campus:

<b>Building Name</b>	Address		Occupancy	Occupancy Load	Floors Occ.
McCarthy	908	Madison	Student Residence	18	3
912 Madison	912	Madison	Student Residence	18	3
Rooney	917	Madison	Offices/Student Apartments	2	3
Maginn	921	Madison	Student Residence	42	3
Charter	923	Madison	Student Residence	27	3
Centennial Hall	930	Madison	Student Apartments	223	4
Fontbonne	935	Madison	Student Residence	22	3
Carondelet	941	Madison	Student Residence	21	3
Cavanaugh	943	Madison	Student Residence	22	3
Carey	944	Madison	Student Residence	14	2
946 Madison	946	Madison	Student Apartments	0	3
Quillinan	953	Madison	Student Residence	15	3
956 Madison	956	Madison	Student Apartments	10	2
Casey	967	Madison	Student Residence	11	2
968 Madison	968	Madison	Student Residence	18	3
Gibbons	971	Madison	Student Residence	15	2
972 Madison	972	Madison	Student Residence	14	2
974 Madison	974	Madison	Student Residence	15	2
RCC	939-941	Madison	Student Residence	62	3
Morris	568	Morris	Student Residence	42	3
178 Partridge	178	Partridge	Student Apartments	7	3
186 Partridge	186	Partridge	Student Apartments	6	2
188 Partridge	188	Partridge	Student Apartments	20	3
198 Partridge	198	Partridge	Student Apartments	4	2
208/210 Partridge	208	Partridge	Student Apartments	5	3
208/210 Partridge	210	Partridge	Student Apartments	6	3
Golub	212	Partridge	Student Residence	9	3
McCarthy	214	Partridge	Student Residence	8	3
Brubacher	750	State	Student Residence	319	4
McCormick	380	Western	Student Residence	13	2
Lourdes	384	Western	Student Residence	19	2
Kelly	348/350	Western	Student Residence	17	3
Kateri	352/354	Western	Student Residence	13	2
Collins	356/358	Western	Student Residence	16	2
Alumni	366A	Western	Student Residence	83	4
Lima	366B	Western	Student Residence	187	6
Delaney	368/370	Western	Student Residence	16	2
Hahn	372/374	Western	Student Residence	14	2
Cullen	376/378	Western	Student Residence	18	2
401 Western	401	Western	Student Residence	5	2
Keeshan	405	Western	Student Residence	9	2
Medaille	407/409	Western	Student Residence	12	3

All of these buildings have sprinkler and fire alarm systems. Further, no fires were reported in any of these buildings during calendar year 2015.

#### Fire Drills:

The College performs a minimum of four fire drills per year in all student residences as required by the NYS Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code and by the NYS Education Department. All drills are supervised with the results tabulated and evaluated for proficiency. The College performs a minimum of three fire drills per year in all other buildings.

## Policies on Items Allowed in Residence Halls:

- Smoking shall not be permitted in any enclosed place, including private residential space within college housing. Smoking shall also not be permitted in the seating areas of outdoor arenas, stadiums, and amphitheaters, or in bleachers and grandstands used for spectators at sporting and other public events.
- Hot pots, electric coils, sun lamps, air conditioners, heaters, or any heat producing cooking appliances are prohibited. Electric percolators, halogen lamps, lava lamps, and any electrical appliance used to cook food is prohibited in the residence halls. Microwaves are permitted (1 per room) but may not exceed .6 cubic feet and 700 watts and must be UL approved. Refrigerators are permitted (1 per room) but may not exceed 2.0 cubic feet and 115 volts and must be UL approved. The kitchen is the primary place in the building where students are allowed to cook. Any illegal item will be confiscated and disposed of by Residence Life Staff or Security.
- The use of portable space heaters must be approved by the Director of Risk Management and must be of a type approved by an NRTL.
- Open flames such as candles are strictly prohibited.
- Extension cords of an approved type may be used only on a temporary basis for a single portable appliance. Power strips are allowed provided they are plugged directly into outlets and not ganged together.
- College policy requires all occupants (students and employees) to immediately evacuate the building in a fire drill, fire alarm or emergency.
- All students receive fire safety training on an annual basis.

## Plans for Improvements in Fire Safety:

The College currently uses a Keltron system-a proprietary radio monitoring network system for all fire monitoring and reporting. The current Fire Alarm Master plan will need to be reevaluated and updated.

The College will need to comply with new NFPA 720 carbon monoxide detection and warning regulation requirements. Building assessments will need to be completed to determine required installation, inspection and testing regulation requirements.